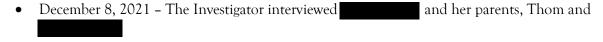
Title IX Investigation Report

Investigator Name: Robert Dietzel, Thrun Law Firm, P.C.
Report Date: March 14, 2022
Complainant Name: Student, Marcellus Elementary School
Complainant's Advisor: Mother
Respondent Names: Student, Marcellus Elementary School; Student, Marcellus Elementary School
Respondents' Advisors: Mother; Mother
Date Formal Complaint Filed: November 11, 2021
Summary of Allegation: At the time of the allegations, Complainant and Respondents were all 5 th grad students at Marcellus Elementary School. Complainant, through her mother, alleges that on October 6 2021, restrained Complainant's hands, forced her to the ground, and inappropriately touched her. The complaint further alleges that and inappropriately touched Complainant and other students as part of a game the students cal "Twindldee" on multiple occasions during Fall 2021.
Relevant Chronology:
• November 11, 2021 – filed a formal written complaint alleging Title IX sexual harassment. (Exhibit 1).
 November 15, 2021 - Melinda Bohan, Title IX Coordinator, sent notice letters to Complainant's parents and Respondents' parents notifying them of the Title IX complaint
 November 17, 2021 - Robert Dietzel from Thrun Law Firm was assigned to investigate the complaint.
• November 29, 2021 – The Investigator left a message for requesting a phonocall back to schedule an interview with exchanged additional voice mail messages on November 29, 2021 and November 30, 2021
December 2, 2021 – and the Investigator exchanged e-mail messages regarding scheduling an interview for
• December 5 - December 6, 2021 - and the Investigator exchanged e-main messages regarding interview.
• December 6, 2021 – e-mailed the Investigator with a summary of a phone call she had with (Exhibit 2).
• December 7, 2021 – The Investigator sent an e-mail and a letter explaining the interview process for (Exhibit 3).

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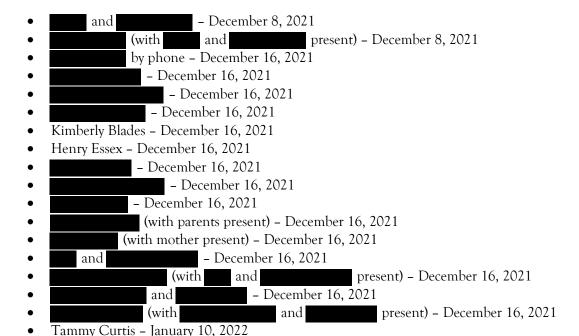
- e-mailed the Investigator asking that the Investigator call at school because had additional information she did not share at the previous day's interview. The Investigator contacted the Title IX Coordinator to arrange a phone call, but had left school. The Investigator e-mailed
- December 13 December 14, 2021 The Investigator spoke by phone to the parents of several student witnesses as well as to Respondents' parents to schedule interviews. Interviews were scheduled for December 16, 2021.
- December 15, 2021 The Investigator sent letters to the parents of explaining the interview process. (Exhibits 4 & 5).
- December 15 December 16, 2021 and the Investigator exchanged e-mail messages about setting up a second meeting with
- December 15, 2021 Tristina Bochelen canceled the interview scheduled for Kasia Bochelen.
- December 16, 2021 The Investigator interviewed several witnesses in person. The Investigator also interviewed both Respondents with their parents present.
- December 16, 2021 The Investigator spoke to by phone.
- December 17, 2021 The Investigator contacted Melinda Bohan, the District's Title IX Coordinator, about additional allegations of sexual harassment and bullying disclosed during the December 16, 2021 witness interviews.
- January 4, 2022 and the Investigator exchanged e-mail messages regarding the status of the investigation.
- January 10, 2022 The Investigator interviewed Tammy Curtis and Sarah Bischoff by Zoom.
- January 24, 2022 The Investigator contacted Cass County Sheriff's Department to inquire about the availability of police reports. The Sheriff's Department informed the Investigator that a Freedom of Information Act request would be required to obtain the police reports.
- January 24, 2022 and the Investigator exchanged e-mail messages regarding the status of the investigation. Mrs. requested that the Investigator interview Kasia Bochelen.
- January 26, 2022 contacted the Investigator about obtaining additional information from
- February 7 February 8, 2022 and the Investigator exchanged e-mail messages regarding the status of the investigation.

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- February 14, 2022 The Investigator sent correspondence to Complainant and Respondents advising them of their right to inspect and review all evidence collected during the investigation. All parties were provided access to an electronic version of all collected evidence. (Exhibit 6).
- February 14 February 15, 2022 and the Investigator exchanged e-mail messages about Mrs. ability to access the evidence.
- February 22, 2022 submitted a response to the evidence. (Exhibit 7).
- February 23, 2022 submitted a response to the evidence. (Exhibit 8).
- February 28, 2022 contacted this Investigator by e-mail to inquire about the status of the investigation.
- March 7, 2022 contacted this Investigator by e-mail to inquire about the status of the investigation and to ask that the investigation report be mailed.
- March 14, 2022 This investigation report was transmitted to the Complainant and Respondent through their respective parent Advisors and to Melinda Bohan, the District's Title IX Coordinator. (Exhibit 9).

Witness Interviews

The following witnesses were interviewed as part of this investigation¹:



¹ For all student interviews where a parent was not present, either Principal Sarah Bischoff or Title IX Coordinator Melinda Bohan was present.

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• Sarah Bischoff - January 10, 2022

Summaries of the witness interviews are attached as Exhibit 10.

Other Contacts with Parties

This Investigator's contacts with the parties and their Advisors are summarized above in the Relevant Chronology.

Evidence

The following evidence was considered as part of this investigation:

- Student witness statements. (Exhibit 11).
- Video footage timeline prepared by Sarah Bischoff. (Exhibit 12).

Other Information Relevant to this Investigation

- Complainant's mother, requested that this Investigator interview Kasia Bochelen. Kasia was scheduled to be interviewed on December 16, 2021, but her parents canceled the interview. This Investigator determined that an interview with Kasia is not necessary.
- Complainant's mother, requested that this Investigator obtain additional information from This Investigator interviewed twice and has accepted and considered all information provided by This Investigator determined that a third interview of the state of the state
- This Investigator determined that it is not necessary to obtain copies of police reports to finalize the Title IX investigation.
- This Investigator determined that it is not necessary to review hallway video footage to finalize the Title IX investigation.

Party Responses to Evidence

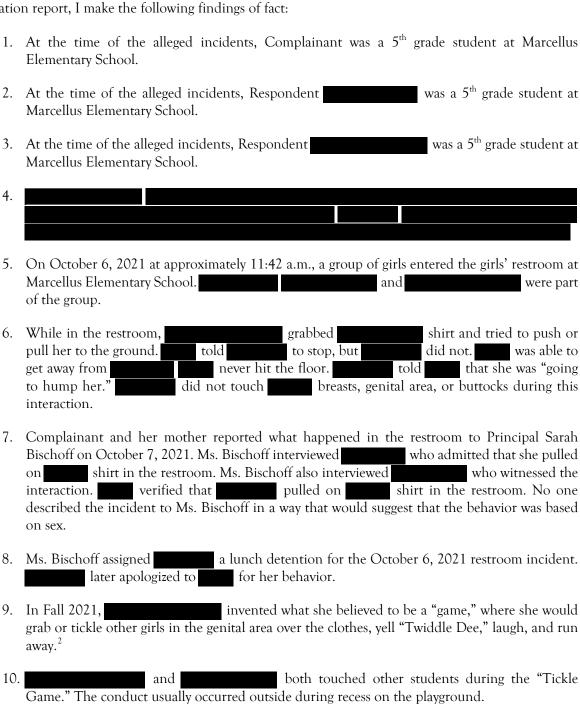
On February 14, 2022, this Investigator sent a link to identical copies of the evidence to Complainant and both Respondents through their parent Advisors along with notice of their respective right to inspect, review, and respond to the evidence. (Exhibit 6). Respondent through her parent Advisor, submitted a response to the evidence on February 22, 2022. (Exhibit 7). Complainant, through her parent Advisor, submitted a response to the evidence on February 23, 2022. (Exhibit 8). Respondent did not respond to the evidence.

This Investigator carefully reviewed and considered the parties' responses to the evidence in making the findings of fact and recommendations contained in this Investigation Report. This Investigator concluded that no further investigation was required based on the content of the parties' responses.

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Findings of Fact

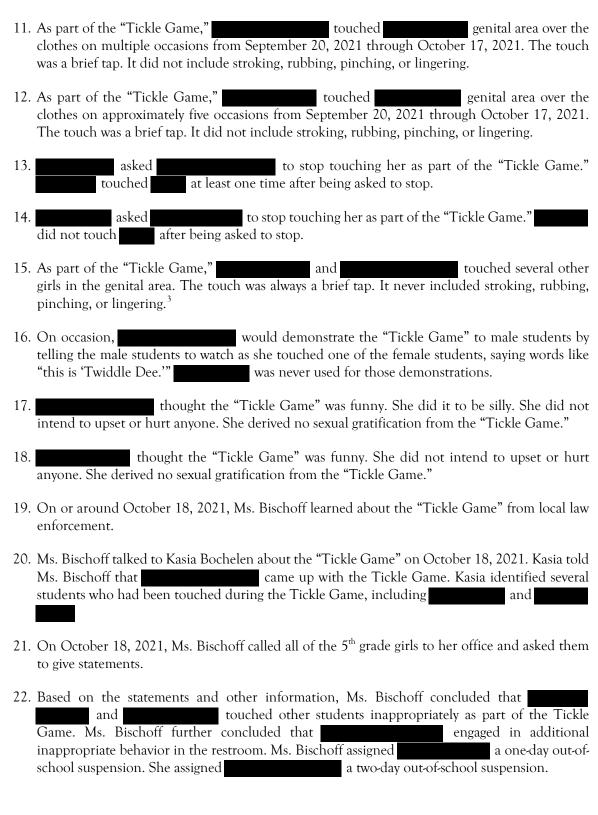
Based on a preponderance of the evidence collected during this investigation as described in this Investigation report, I make the following findings of fact:



² For ease of reference, these actions will be referred to as the "Tickle Game."

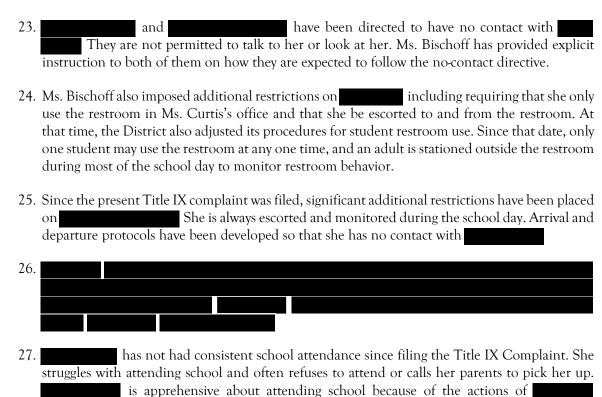
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³ It is this Investigator's understanding that the parents of all students who may have been touched as part of the "Tickle Game" have been notified and advised of their right to file a formal Title IX complaint.

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Board Policy Considerations:

Board Policy 2266 defines sexual harassment as conduct on the basis of sex that satisfies one or more of the following:

- A. A District employee conditioning the provision of a District aid, benefit, or service on a person's participation in unwelcome sexual conduct;
- B. Unwelcome conduct that a reasonable person would determine to be so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to the District's education program or activity; or
- C. "Sexual assault," "dating violence," "domestic violence," and "stalking."

Board Policy 2266 defines "consent" as "a voluntary agreement to engage in sexual activity by a person legally capable of consenting. Someone who is incapacitated cannot consent. Past consent does not imply future consent. Silence or an absence of resistance does not imply consent. Consent to engage in sexual activity with one person does not imply consent to engage in sexual activity with another. Consent can be withdrawn at any time. Coercion, force, or threat of either invalidates consent."

Board Policy 2460 requires the District to ensure a comprehensive, free, and appropriate educational program to students with disabilities that complies with state and federal laws and guidelines. Board Policy

⁴ This Investigator refers the reader to Board Policy 2266 for definitions of those terms.

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2461 ensures the provision of a free appropriate public education to a student with a disability in the least restrictive environment feasible. Board Policies 2260, 2260.01, and 5517 prohibit discrimination against students based on disability.

Board Policy 5610 provides that suspension or expulsion from school should be a rare occurrence. Before suspending or expelling a student, the District must first determine whether restorative practices would better address the student's misconduct. Further, before suspending or expelling any student, the District must consider seven specific factors, including: (1) the student's age, (2) the student's discipline history, (3) whether the student has a disability, (4) the seriousness of the misconduct, (5) whether the conduct threatened the safety of another person, (6) whether a lesser intervention would address the conduct, and (7) whether restorative practices will be used. Board Policy 5610.03 require that the District follow all state and federal laws related to the suspension or expulsion of a student with a disability.

In amending the Title IX regulations, the United States Department of Education emphasized that nothing in Title IX may be construed to alter or diminish a student's rights under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act.⁵ In making a determination of responsibility and determining appropriate remedial measures, the Decision Maker should be mindful of the interplay between Title IX and rights under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act.

Recommendation⁶

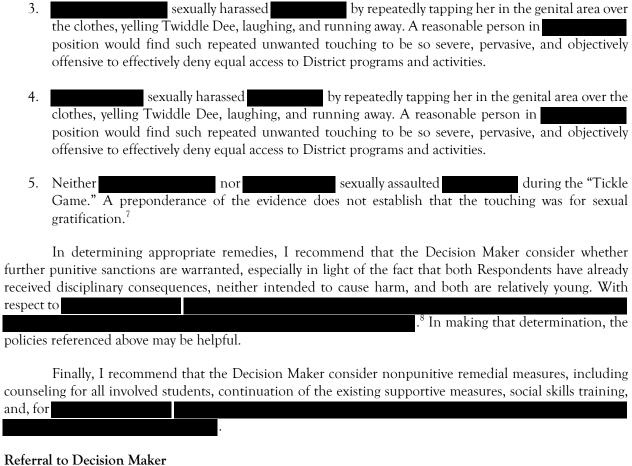
For the reasons explained below, I recommend that the Decision Maker make the following determinations of responsibility:

- 1. On October 6, 2021, sexually harassed by accosting her in the girls' restroom, attempting to push her to the ground, and threatening to "hump her." In isolation, this incident would not constitute sexual harassment. However, given the circumstances predating the incident, including that had repeatedly touched in the genital area against her will, a reasonable person in position would find the October 6, 2021 incident to be so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive to effectively deny equal access to District programs and activities.
- 2. The October 6, 2021 restroom incident was not a sexual assault because there was no unwanted sexual touching.

⁵ Commentary to the Title IX regulations states, for example, that the regulations "do not supersede the IDEA, Section 504, or the ADA. The final regulations provide significant flexibility for [schools], and [schools] may utilize this flexibility in challenging cases, including where a [school] must comply with both these final regulations, and applicable disability laws." The commentary further states that a school's "compliance with these final regulations would [not] alter a [school's] child find responsibilities or a child with a disability's right to a free appropriate public education...under the IDEA or Section 504."

⁶ On January 15, 2021, the Office for Civil Rights published a Questions and Answers document regarding the new Title IX regulations, which states that an investigator may recommend findings of fact, determinations of responsibility, and remedies to the Decision Maker. Nevertheless, the Decision Maker is under an "independent obligation to objectively evaluate relevant evidence, and thus cannot simply defer to recommendations made by the investigator in the investigative report."

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This Investigation Report was sent to both parties and their advisors and to the Decision Maker. Before making a final determination of responsibility⁹, the Decision Maker will afford each party an opportunity to submit written, relevant questions that a party wants asked of any party or witness; provide each party with the answers; and allow for additional, limited follow-up questions from each party. The parties will have at least ten calendar days to review and respond to this Investigation Report before the Decision Maker renders a final determination of responsibility.

⁷ The Title IX Regulations and Policy 2266 incorporate the FBI's uniform crime reporting definitions for sexual assault, which include forcible rape, forcible sodomy, sexual assault with an object, forcible fondling, incest, and statutory rape. The only one of those offenses alleged in the Formal Complaint is forcible fondling. An element of forcible fondling is that the touch must be for sexual gratification.

⁸ Revised School Code section 1310d creates a rebuttable presumption against expulsions or suspensions that exceed 10 school days. MCL 380.1310d.

⁹ The Decision Maker must make a determination as to whether Respondents engaged in the conduct alleged in the formal Title IX Complaint and, if so, whether the conduct constitutes sexual harassment as defined in Policy 2266. In making a final determination of responsibility, the Decision Maker must use the preponderance of the evidence standard.

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Index of Exhibits

Attorney

Thrun Law Firm, P.C.

Exhibit 1: November 11, 2021 Title IX Complaint			
Exhibit 2: E-mail correspondence from to Investigator			
Exhibit 3: December 7, 2021 correspondence to re: interview			
Exhibit 4: December 15, 2021 correspondence to	and re: interview		
Exhibit 5: December 15, 2021 correspondence to	and	re: interview	
Exhibit 6: February 14, 2022 correspondence to Parties re: evidence for inspection and review			
Exhibit 7: Response to Evidence submitted by dated February 22, 2022			
Exhibit 8: Response to Evidence submitted by	and dated	February 23, 2022	
Exhibit 9: March 14, 2022 correspondence to Parties & Decision Maker transmitting investigation report			
Exhibit 10: witness interview summaries			
Exhibit 11: Student Statement Forms			
Exhibit 12: Video Footage Timeline			
Submitted by: Nobert A. Siefel Robert Dietzel*	Date:	March 14, 2022	
Kobert Dietzel [*]			

*By my signature, I assert that I do not have a bias or conflict of interest for or against Complainant or Respondents specifically, nor do I have a general bias or conflict of interest for or against parties to a Title IX grievance process, whether they be complainants or respondents. I further assert that I have, at all times, endeavored to conduct this investigation fairly by giving both parties an equal opportunity to provide both inculpatory and exculpatory evidence and to review and respond to the evidence. I have at all times operated under the presumption that Respondents are not responsible for the alleged conduct.